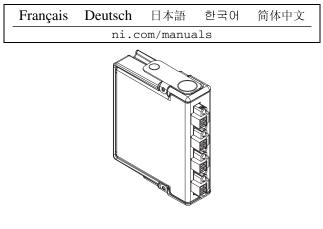
OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS AND SPECIFICATIONS NI 9227

4-Channel, 5 A_{rms}, 24-Bit, Simultaneous, Channel-to-Channel Isolated Analog Input Module





This document describes how to use the NI 9227 and includes specifications and pin assignments for the NI 9227.

Note The safety guidelines and specifications in this document are specific to the NI 9227. The other components in the system might not meet the same safety ratings and specifications. Refer to the documentation for each component in the system to determine the safety ratings and specifications for the entire system.

Related Information

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NI CompactDAQ & NI CompactRIO Documentation ni.com/info ⇔ cseriesdoc



Chassis Compatibility ni.com/info ⇔ compatibility



Software Support ni.com/info ⇔ softwareversion



Services ni.com/services

Safety Guidelines

Operate the NI 9227 only as described in these operating instructions.



Hazardous Voltage This icon denotes a warning advising you to take precautions to avoid electrical shock.



Caution Do not operate the NI 9227 in a manner not specified in this manual. Product misuse can result in a hazard. You can compromise the safety protection built into the product if the product is damaged in any way. If the product is damaged, return it to NI for repair.

Safety Guidelines for Hazardous Voltages

If hazardous voltages are connected to the module, take the following precautions. A hazardous voltage is a voltage greater than 42.4 V_{pk} or 60 VDC to earth ground.



Caution Ensure that hazardous voltage wiring is performed only by qualified personnel adhering to local electrical standards.



Caution Do *not* mix hazardous voltage circuits and human-accessible circuits on the same module.



Caution Make sure that devices and circuits connected to the module are properly insulated from human contact.



Caution When module terminals are hazardous voltage LIVE (>42.4 V_{pk} /60 VDC), you must ensure that devices and circuits connected to the module are properly insulated from human contact. You must use the NI 9971 connector backshell kit for the screw terminal and the NI 9990 connector backshell kit for the snap in terminal to ensure that the terminals are *not* accessible.

Figure 1 shows the NI 9971 connector backshell.

Figure 1. NI 9971 Connector Backshell for Screw Terminal

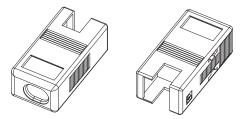
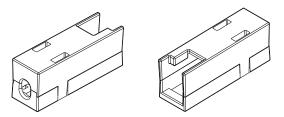


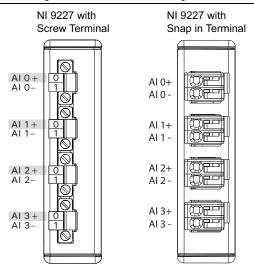
Figure 2 shows the NI 9990 connector backshell.

Figure 2. NI 9990 Connector Backshell for Snap in Terminal



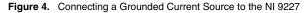
Connecting the NI 9227

The NI 9227 has four 2-terminal detachable screw-terminal or snap in connectors that provide connections for four simultaneously sampled, isolated analog input channels.



You can connect ground-referenced or floating current sources to the NI 9227. Connect the positive side of the current source to the AI+ terminal, and connect the negative side of the current source to the AI- terminal. If you make a ground-referenced connection between the current source and the NI 9227, make sure the voltage on the AI+ and AI- connections are in the channel-to-earth safety voltage range to ensure proper operation of the NI 9227. Refer to the *Specifications* section for more information about operating voltages.

Refer to Figures 4 and 5 for illustrations of how to connect grounded and floating current sources to the NI 9227.



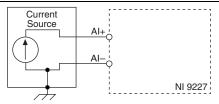
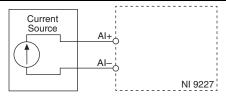
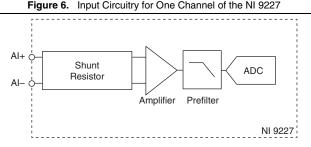


Figure 5. Connecting a Floating Current Source to the NI 9227



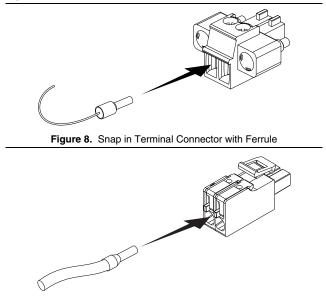
The NI 9227 analog input channels are floating with respect to earth ground and each other. The incoming analog signal on each channel is conditioned, buffered, and then sampled by a 24-bit Delta-Sigma ADC.

Each channel provides an independent signal path and ADC, enabling you to sample all four channels simultaneously. Refer to Figure 6 for an illustration of the circuitry for one channel of the NI 9227.



Wiring for High-Vibration Applications

If an application is subject to high vibration, NI recommends that you either use ferrules to terminate wires to the detachable screw-terminal or snap-in connector or use the NI 9971 backshell kit for screw-terminal connectors or NI 9990 backshell kit for snap in connectors to protect the connections. Refer to Figures 7 and 8 for illustrations of using ferrules. Refer to Figures 1 and 2 for illustrations of the NI 9971 and NI 9990 connector backshells. Figure 7. 2-Terminal Detachable Screw Terminal Connector with Ferrule



Manually Activating the Clamping Feature for 26 to 22 AWG Wire Size Applications

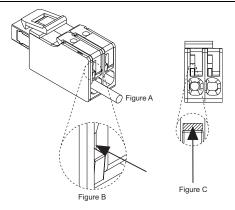


Note The terminal will work with 0.25 mm^2 to 0.34 mm^2 (26 to 22 AWG) copper when manually activated.

Complete the following steps to activate the clamping feature manually.

- 1. Insert the wire inside the terminal, as shown in Figure A.
- 2. Using a tool with a small bit size, gently apply force as shown in Figure B and at the contact area as shown in Figure C until you hear a click sound.
- 3. Ensure the wire is inserted up to the end by gently pulling the wire to make sure the clamping feature securely engaged with the wire.

Figure 9. Manually Activating the Clamping Feature



Understanding NI 9227 Filtering

The NI 9227 uses a combination of analog and digital filtering to provide an accurate representation of in-band signals while rejecting out-of-band signals. The filters discriminate between signals based on the frequency range, or bandwidth, of the signal. The three important bandwidths to consider are the passband, the stopband, and the alias-free bandwidth.

The NI 9227 represents signals within the passband, as quantified primarily by passband flatness and phase nonlinearity. All signals that appear in the alias-free bandwidth are either unaliased signals or signals that have been filtered by at least the amount of the stopband rejection.

Passband

The signals within the passband have frequency-dependent gain or attenuation. The small amount of variation in gain with respect to frequency is called the passband flatness. The digital filters of the NI 9227 adjust the frequency range of the passband to match the data rate. Therefore, the amount of gain or attenuation at a given frequency depends on the data rate. Figure 10 shows typical passband flatness for the NI 9227.

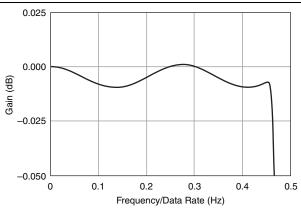


Figure 10. Typical Passband Flatness for the NI 9227

Stopband

The filter significantly attenuates all signals above the stopband frequency. The primary goal of the filter is to prevent aliasing. Therefore, the stopband frequency scales precisely with the data rate. The stopband rejection is the minimum amount of attenuation applied by the filter to all signals with frequencies within the stopband.

Alias-Free Bandwidth

Any signal that appears in the alias-free bandwidth of the NI 9227 is not an aliased artifact of signals at a higher frequency. The alias-free bandwidth is defined by the ability of the filter to reject frequencies above the stopband frequency, and it is equal to the data rate minus the stopband frequency.

Understanding NI 9227 Data Rates

The frequency of a master timebase (f_M) controls the data rate (f_s) of the NI 9227. The NI 9227 includes an internal master timebase with a frequency of 12.8 MHz, but the module also can accept an external master timebase or export its own master timebase. To synchronize the data rate of an NI 9227 with other modules that use master timebases to control sampling, all of the modules must share a single master timebase source. Refer to the software help for information about configuring the master timebase source for the NI 9227. Visit ni.com/info and enter cseriesdoc for information about C Series documentation.

The following equation provides the available data rates of the NI 9227:

$$f_s = \frac{f_M \div 256}{n}$$

where n is any integer from 1 to 31.

However, the data rate must remain within the appropriate data rate range. Refer to the *Specifications* section for more information about the data rate range. When using the internal master timebase of 12.8 MHz, the result is data rates of 50 kS/s, 25 kS/s, 16.667 kS/s, and so on down to 1.613 kS/s, depending on the value of *n*. When using an external timebase with a frequency other than 12.8 MHz, the NI 9227 has a different set of data rates.

Sleep Mode

This module supports a low-power sleep mode. Support for sleep mode at the system level depends on the chassis that the module is plugged into. Refer to the chassis manual for information about support for sleep mode. If the chassis supports sleep mode, refer to the software help for information about enabling sleep mode. Visit ni.com/info and enter cseriesdoc for information about C Series documentation.

Typically, when a system is in sleep mode, you cannot communicate with the modules. In sleep mode, the system consumes minimal power and may dissipate less heat than it does in normal mode. Refer to the *Specifications* section for more information about power consumption and thermal dissipation.

Specifications

The following specifications are typical for the range -40 to 70 $^{\circ}$ C unless otherwise noted. All voltages are relative to the AI- signal on each channel unless otherwise noted.



Caution The input terminals of this device are not protected for electromagnetic interference. As a result, this device may experience reduced measurement accuracy or other temporary performance degradation when connected cables are routed in an environment with radiated or conducted radio frequency electromagnetic interference. To limit radiated emissions and to ensure that this device functions within specifications in its operational electromagnetic environment, take precautions when designing, selecting, and installing measurement probes and cables.

Input Characteristics

Number of channels	.4 analog input channels	
ADC resolution	.24 bits	
Type of ADC	. Delta-Sigma (with analog prefiltering)	
Sampling mode	. Simultaneous	
Internal master timebase (f_M)		
Frequency	. 12.8 MHz	
Accuracy	± 100 ppm max	
Data rate range (f_s) using internal matrix	aster timebase	
Minimum	. 1.613 kS/s	
Maximum	. 50 kS/s	
Data rate range (f_s) using external master timebase		
Minimum	. 390.625 S/s	
Maximum	.51.36 kS/s	

Data rates ¹ (f_s)	$\frac{f_M \div 256}{n}$, $n = 1, 2,, 31$
Safe operating input range ^{2, 3}	5 A _{rms}
Overcurrent handling ⁴	10 A _{rms} for 1 s max with 19 s minimum cool down time at 5 A _{rms}
Instantaneous measuring range ⁵	
Minimum	14.051 A peak
Typical	14.977 A peak, at 23 \pm 5 °C
Typical scaling coefficient	1.785397 μA/LSB
Input coupling	DC

¹ The data rate must remain within the appropriate data rate range. Refer to the Understanding NI 9227 Data Rates section for more information.

² Refer to the Safety Guidelines section for more information about safe operating voltages.

³ The maximum recommended continuous RMS current value applied simultaneously on all 4 channels to keep the power dissipation inside the module within safe operating limits.

⁴ Overcurrent conditions to keep the module operating within specified limits.

⁵ The maximum DC current that produces a non-saturated reading.

Input impedance (AI+ to AI-)...... 12 m Ω Input noise ($f_s = 50$ kS/s)...... 400 μ A_{rms}

Accuracy at safe operating range of 5 A_{rms}

Measurement Conditions	Percent of Reading (Gain Error)	Percent of Range [*] (Offset Error)
Calibrated max (-40 to 70 °C)	±0.37%	±0.18%
Calibrated typ (23 °C, ±5 °C)	±0.1%	±0.05%
Uncalibrated max (-40 to 70 °C)	$\pm 5.0\%$	±2.4%
Uncalibrated typ (23 °C, ±5 °C)	±2.5%	±1.0%
* Range equals 7.07 A peak (5 A _{rms}).		

Accuracy at operating range of 10 Arms

Measurement Conditions	Percent of Reading (Gain Error)	Percent of Range [*] (Offset Error)
Calibrated max (-40 to 70 °C)	±0.38%	±0.19%
* Range equals 7.07 A peak (5 A _{rms}).		

Stability

Gain drift±21 ppm/°C Offset drift±51 µA/°C

Post calibration gain match (channel-to-channel, $f_{in} = 20 \text{ kHz}$).... $\pm 130 \text{ mdB}$ max

Crosstalk

(f_{in} = 1 kHz)......-90 dB (f_{in} = 50 Hz).....-115 dB

Phase match

Channel-to-channel, max 0.1°/kHz

Module-to-module, max...... $0.1^{\circ}/\text{kHz} + 360^{\circ} \cdot f_{in}/f_M$

Phase linearity ($f_s = 50 \text{ kS/s}$)......0.1° max

Passband

Frequency $0.453 \cdot f_s$ Flatness ($f_s = 50 \text{ kS/s}$)..... $\pm 100 \text{ mdB}$ max Stopband

Frequency0.547 $\cdot f_s$ Rejection100 dBAlias-free bandwidth0.453 $\cdot f_s$ -3 dB bandwidth ($f_s = 50 \text{ kS/s}$)24.609 kHzCMRR ($f_{in} = 50 \text{ Hz}$)CMRR ($f_{in} = 50 \text{ Hz}$)150 dBSFDR ($f_{in} = 1 \text{ kHz}$, -60 dBFS)Total Harmonic Distortion (THD)($f_{in} = 1 \text{ kHz}$, -1 dBFS)Contact NI for BellcoreMTBF or MIL-HDBK-217Fspecifications.

Power Requirements

Power consumption from chassis

Active mode	730 mW max
Sleep mode	50 µW max

Physical Characteristics

If you need to clean the module, wipe it with a dry towel.

Weight

NI 9227 with screw terminal.....145 g (5.1 oz) NI 9227 with snap in terminal....158.8 g (5.6 oz)

Screw Terminal Wiring

Gauge	$\dots 0.05 \text{ mm}^2$ to 1.5 mm^2
	(30 AWG to 16 AWG) copper conductor wire
Wire strip length	7 mm (0.28 in.) of insulation stripped from the end
Temperature rating	90° C, minimum

¹ Measured with 5 A_{rms} on each channel.

Torque for screw terminals	. 0.22 N · m to 0.25 N · m (1.95 lb · in to 2.21 lb · in.)	
Wires per screw terminal	One wire per screw terminal; two wires screw terminal using a 2-wire ferrule	
Ferrules	0.25 mm^2 to 0.5 mm^2	
Connector securement		
Securement type	Screw flanges provided	
Snap in Terminal Wiring		
Gauge	0.5 mm ² to 2.5 mm ² (20 AWG to 14 AWG) copper conductor wire	
Wire strip length	9 mm \pm 1 mm (0.35 in. \pm 0.04 in.) wire strip length of insulation stripped from the end	
Temperature rating		
Wires per snap in terminal	One wire per snap in terminal; two wires per snap in terminal using a 2-wire ferrule	

Ferrules 0.5 mm² to 2.5 mm²

Connector securement

Securement type.....Snap in securement provided

Safety

Isolation Voltages

Connect only voltages that are within the following limits.

Channel-to-channel

Continuous	. 250 V _{rms} ,
	Measurement Category II
Withstand	$1,390 V_{rms}$, verified by a 5 s
	dielectric withstand test
Channel-to-earth ground	
Continuous	. 250 V _{rms} ,
	Measurement Category II
Withstand	$2,300 V_{rms}$, verified by a 5 s dielectric withstand test

Measurement Category II is for measurements performed on circuits directly connected to the electrical distribution system.

This category refers to local-level electrical distribution, such as that provided by a standard wall outlet, for example, 115 V for U.S. or 230 V for Europe.



Caution Do *not* connect to signals or use for measurements within Measurement Categories III or IV.

Safety Standards

This product meets the requirements of the following standards of safety for electrical equipment for measurement, control, and laboratory use:

- IEC 61010-1, EN 61010-1
- UL 61010-1, CSA 61010-1



Note For UL and other safety certifications, refer to the product label or the *Online Product Certification* section.

Electromagnetic Compatibility

This product meets the requirements of the following EMC standards for electrical equipment for measurement, control, and laboratory use:

- EN 61326-2-1 (IEC 61326-2-1): Class A emissions; Industrial immunity
- EN 55011 (CISPR 11): Group 1, Class A emissions
- AS/NZS CISPR 11: Group 1, Class A emissions
- ICES-001: Class A emissions



Note For the standards applied to assess the EMC of this product, refer to the *Online Product Certification* section.



Note To ensure the specified EMC performance, operate this product only with shielded, twisted pair cables (S/FTP type wire).



Note The length of I/O cables must be no longer than 30 m (100 ft.).

Online Product Certification

Refer to the product Declaration of Conformity (DoC) for additional regulatory compliance information. To obtain product certifications and the DoC for this product, visit ni.com/ certification, search by module number or product line, and click the appropriate link in the Certification column.

Shock and Vibration

To meet these specifications, you must panel mount the system and either affix ferrules to the ends of the terminal wires or use the NI 9971 or NI 9990 backshell kit to protect the connections.

Operating vibration

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Random (IEC 60068-2-64)....... 5 g<sub>rms</sub>, 10 to 500 Hz
Sinusoidal (IEC 60068-2-6)...... 5 g, 10 to 500 Hz
Operating shock (IEC 60068-2-27).... 30 g, 11 ms half sine,
50 g, 3 ms half sine,
18 shocks at 6 orientations
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Environmental

NI C Series modules are intended for indoor use only but may be used outdoors if installed in a suitable enclosure. Refer to the manual for the chassis you are using for more information about meeting these specifications.

Operating temperature (IEC 60068-2-1, IEC 60068-2-2) -40 to 70 °C

Storage temperature (IEC 60068-2-1, IEC 60068-2-2) -40 to 85 °C

Ingress protection..... IP 40

Operating humidity	
(IEC 60068-2-78)	. 10 to 90% RH,
	noncondensing
Storage humidity	
(IEC 60068-2-78)	. 5 to 95% RH,
	noncondensing
Maximum altitude	. 2,000 m
Pollution Degree	.2

Environmental Management

NI is committed to designing and manufacturing products in an environmentally responsible manner. NI recognizes that eliminating certain hazardous substances from our products is beneficial to the environment and to NI customers.

For additional environmental information, refer to the *Minimize Our Environmental Impact* web page at ni.com/environment. This page contains the environmental regulations and directives with which NI complies, as well as other environmental information not included in this document.

Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment (WEEE)



EU Customers At the end of the product life cycle, all products *must* be sent to a WEEE recycling center. For more information about WEEE recycling centers, NI WEEE initiatives, and compliance with WEEE Directive 2002/96/EC on Waste and Electronic Equipment, visit ni.com/environment/weee.

电子信息产品污染控制管理办法 (中国 RoHS)

中国客户 National Instruments 符合中国电子信息
 产品中限制使用某些有害物质指令 (RoHS)。关于
 National Instruments 中国 RoHS 合规性信息,请登录
 ni.com/environment/rohs_china。(For information about China RoHS compliance, go to ni.com/environment/rohs_china.)

Calibration

You can obtain the calibration certificate and information about calibration services for the NI 9227 at ni.com/calibration.

Calibration interval 1 year

NI Services

The NI website is your complete resource for technical support. At ni.com/support you have access to everything from troubleshooting and application development self-help resources to email and phone assistance from NI Application Engineers.

Visit ni.com/services for NI Factory Installation Services, repairs, extended warranty, and other services.

Visit ni.com/register to register your NI product. Product registration facilitates technical support and ensures that you receive important information updates from NI.

A Declaration of Conformity (DoC) is our claim of compliance with the Council of the European Communities using the manufacturer's declaration of conformity. This system affords the user protection for electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) and product safety. You can obtain the DoC for your product by visiting ni.com/certification. If your product supports calibration, you can obtain the calibration certificate for your product at ni.com/calibration.

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